

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS STANDARDS

GRADES 11-12

The English Language Arts Standards work together in a clear progression from kindergarten through 12th grade. This document provides an overview of the skills a student will learn at grades 11 and 12. Each standard builds on the standard that came before and towards the standard that comes in the next grade level. Each standard is expected to be taught as appropriate for the grade-level. Some standards appear to have similar wording at multiple grade levels; however, it is understood that they are to be applied with increased focus to progressively more challenging texts and tasks.

READING STANDARDS FOR LITERATURE Key Ideas and Details		
11-12.RL.2	Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.	
11-12.RL.3	Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and connect elements of a story or drama.	
Craft and Structure		
11-12.RL.4	Determine the meaning(s) of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings, while analyzing the impact of specific choices on meaning and tone.	
11-12.RL.5	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text contribute to its overall structure and meaning, as well as its aesthetic impact.	
11-12.RL.6	Using a variety of genres, analyze how the narrative point of view impacts the implicit and explicit meanings in a text	
Integration of	f Knowledge and Ideas	
11-12.RL.7	Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text.	
11-12.RL.8	(Not applicable to literature)	
11-12.RL.9	Drawing on a wide range of time periods, analyze how two or more texts treat similar themes or topics.	
Range of Rea	ding and Level of Text Complexity	
11-12.RL.10	By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 11 .	
	By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 12 .	

READING STANDARDS FOR INFORMATIONAL TEXT		
Key Ideas and Details		
11-12.RI.1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly	
	as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves	
	matters uncertain.	
11-12.RI.2	Determine and analyze the development and interaction of two or more central ideas over	
	the course of a text to provide a complex analysis or objective summary.	
11-12.RI.3	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals,	
	ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	
Craft and Stru	icture	
11-12.RI.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative,	
	connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of	
	a key term or terms over the course of a text.	
11-12.RI.5	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the author's choice of structural elements and text	
	features.	
11-12.RI.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly	
	effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the effectiveness of the text.	
Integration of	Knowledge and Ideas	
11-12.RI.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or	
	formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in print in order to address a question or solve	
	a problem.	
11-12.RI.8	Delineate and evaluate the rhetorical effectiveness of the authors' reasoning, premises,	
	purpose, and argument in seminal U.S. and world texts.	
11-12.RI.9	Analyze foundational U.S. and world documents of historical and literary significance for their	
	themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.	
Range of Rea	ding and Level of Text Complexity	
11-12.RI.10	By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend informational text	
	and nonfiction in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures	
	appropriate to grade 11 .	
	By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend informational text	
	and nonfiction in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures	
	appropriate to grade 12 .	
	WRITING STANDARDS	
Text Types an	d Purposes	
11-12.W.1	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid	
	reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	
	a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s),	
	distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that	
	logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant	
	evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that	
	anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.	
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the	
	text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between	
	reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.	
	d. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the norms and conventions of the	
	discipline in which they are writing.	
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument	
	presented.	

11-12.W.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
	a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new
	element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting, graphics, and multimedia when useful for comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended
	definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to
	the audience's knowledge of the topic.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text,
	create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and rhetorical techniques to manage the
	complexity of the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the norms and conventions of the
	discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information
	or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
11-12.W.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,
11-12.00.3	well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
	a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its
	significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or
	characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
	b. Use narrative techniques to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
	c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create
	a coherent whole and particular tone and outcome.
	d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to
	convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or
	resolved over the course of the narrative.
Production a	nd Distribution of Writing
11-12.W.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are
	appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are
	defined in standards 1–3 above.)
11-12.W.5	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a
	new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and
	audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3
	up to and including grades 11–12.)
11-12.W.6	Use technology, including the internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared
	writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
Research to	Build and Present Knowledge
11-12.W.7	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a
	self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when
	appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the
	subject under investigation.
11-12.W.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
	advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of
	the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain
	the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a
	standard format for citation.

11-12.W.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	a. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature.
	b. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to informational text and nonfiction.
Range of Wri	
11-12.W.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and
11-12.00.10	shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS
Comprehens	ion and Collaboration
11-12.SL.1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. a. Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
	 b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed. c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
11-12.SL.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media and formats in order to make informed decisions and propose solutions, while evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies.
11-12.SL.3	Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, use of evidence, and use of rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
Presentation	and Knowledge and Ideas
11-12.SL.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence in an organized, developed style appropriate to purpose, audience, and task, allowing listeners to follow the speaker's line of reasoning, message, and any alternative perspectives.
11-12.SL.5	Make strategic use of digital media in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence to keep the audience engaged.
11-12.SL.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)
	LANGUAGE STANDARDS
Conventions	of Standard English
11-12.L.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is
	sometimes contested. b. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references as needed.

Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and		
spelling when writing.		
a. Use hyphenation conventions.		
b. Use correct spelling.		
f Language		
Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to		
make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or		
listening.		
a. Vary syntax for effect, consulting references for guidance as needed; apply an understanding		
of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.		
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use		
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based		
on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		
a. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts		
of speech (e.g. conceive, conception, conceivable).		
b. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or		
function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		
c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries,		
thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify		
its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.		
d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.		
Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word		
meanings.		
a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the		
text.		
b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.		
Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases,		
sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level;		
demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or		
phrase important to comprehension or expression.		